國立陽明交通大學遠距教學課程—教學計畫大綱 The Teaching Plan for Distance Learning Courses of National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University

填表	說	明	6
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□ 不申請 □ No

1. 開授遠距教學課程,應由開課單位擬具教學計畫,依課程規劃及研議程序辦理,經教務相關之校級會議通過後實施; 本教學計畫大綱會上傳至教育部「大學校院課程網」。

The teaching plan for a distance learning course should be made by the course provider, based on the curriculum plan and study procedures, and then be submitted to a university-level meeting related to academic affairs for approval before the course can be conducted. It will be uploaded to the "University Curriculum Website" of the Ministry of Education.

	course can be considered in the beautiful to the contract of t
2.	同一教師不得針對課程名稱或性質相近之課程再次申請授課時數加計。 Teachers are not allowed to apply for additional teaching hours again using their courses with similar titles or natures.
	課期間:112學年度 第2學期 urse Period:Semester of Academic Year
>	首次開設之「遠距課程」:□是(請續勾選下題一或題二) ☑否(以下免勾選) Offering the "Distance course" for the first time:
	□Yes (please check the boxes in Table 1 or 2 below) □No (no need to check the following boxes)
A	請教師先確認本次申請加計1.5倍之課程☑是□否為「課程名稱」或「性質相近」之課程
	(不申請加計1.5倍者免填) Please confirm that the course for which you are applying for 1.5 times teaching hours this time is a cours of the same "course name" or of "similar nature" (yes or no)
	(if not applicable, there's no need to check the boxes below)
	一、此為 <u>上或下學期</u> 首次開設遠距課程,是否要申請加計授課時數1.5倍:□要申請 ☑不申請 This is the first time you're offering a distance course in the first or second semester. Do you need apply for 1.5 times teaching hours: □Yes □No
	二、此為 <u>暑期</u> 首次開設遠距課程,是否要申請加計授課時數1.5倍:(非暑期課程免填) This is the first time you're offering a distance course in <u>the summer term</u> . Do you need to apply for 1.5 times teaching hours: (if not applicable, there's no need to check a box below)
	□要申請(不支領暑期授課鐘點費,改列計為次學年授課時數加計1.5倍)
	☐Yes (I don't want to get paid for the summer course. Instead, I'd like to have it credited to the teaching

壹、課程基本資料 (有包含者請於□打)

1. Basic information (Check a box if applicable)

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) Program)

	Subject Type	□通識科目 General Education Subject
		□校定科目 NYCU-determined Subject
		☑專業科目 Professional Subject
		□教育科目 Educational Subject
		□其他 Others
1	選課別	□必修 Required ☑選修 Elective □其他 Others
0	Course Type	198 / Required 198 / Licetive 198 / 10 Offices
1	學分數	2
1	No. of Credits	
		2
	每週上課時數	*每週上課時數:同步遠距課程請填入每週「面授」及「同步」之合計上課時數。若無法界定每週時數,填入每週平均時數(即學期總「面授」+「同步」時數除以總課程週數);非同步遠距教學,請填平均每週非同步授課時數。
2		*Teaching hours per week: For synchronous distance learning, please fill in the total hours of "face-to-face" and "synchronous" teaching sessions per week. If the teaching hours cannot be calculated, just fill in the average number of hours per week (total hours of "face-to-face" + "synchronous" sessions divided by the total number of the course weeks); for asynchronous distance learning, please fill in the hours of asynchronous teaching sessions per week.
1	開課班級數	1
3	No. of classes	
1	預計總修課人數	20
4	Expected No. of students taking	
	the course	
1	全英語教學	□ 是 Yes ☑ 否 No
5	Course taught in English only	
1	課程平臺網址(非同步教學必填) Course platform website (required for asynchronous teaching)	☑ E3非同步遠距教學 E3 Asynchronous distance learning course □ E3同步遠距教學 E3 Synchronous distance learning course □ E3&CS100教室(同步) E3 & CS100 classroom (synchronous) ☑ 其他 Others: _Webex
		= 7.0 onicis - wester

貳、課程教學計畫

2. The Teaching Plan

	h.	台灣企業在全球供應鏈的占有重要地位,不論在國際人權的保障或侵害上均扮演重要角色,在聯合國、歐盟、德國等地區、國際組織或國家已
	教學目標	對企業供應鏈人權責任監管進行立法,要求企業必須在其供應鏈中充分地遵守人權及環境的盡職調查義務,以防止或盡量減少對人權或環境相
1.	Teaching objectives	關風險的任何風險,或制止違反人權相關或環境相關義務的行為,此在
		世界各國之企業的經濟日益緊密之際,注意整個產品供應鏈在不同階段的人權問題,有其重要性,然我國目前尚無供應鏈人權責任監管法規,
		致使跨國企業的供應鏈對人權造成侵害時欠缺管制的機制,近年來台灣

					,	2023.09.07 Revis	
		的遠洋漁	業勞動人權問題特	寺別受到國際	於關注。本課程 將	孑介紹企業供應鈕	
		人權責任在國際層面的發展,以及跨國企業供應鏈人權責任議題的監					
		法規發展	,建立修課同學對	针於企業社會	 責任、強迫勞動	b問題之改善與[
		1	維護的思維。		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	適合修習對象	177.012	**F***********************************				
2.							
	Target students	(法店安	每週次的授課內容	2.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.14.	2. 抵押太子连接	1 1 生 軟)	
		1 , .,					
		1 '''	l in course content f teaching hours fo			ii week, iii iii	
		number o	teaching nours to	T the teachin	授課方式及時數	<u>U</u>	
				Toolo	hing methods and		
					ming methous am (請填時數,無則免		
			授課內容		umber of hours, leav		
		週次	Contents of		't have anything to i	- [
		Week	the course	面授	遠距	 数學	
			the course	Face-to-	Distance	learning	
				face	非同步	同步	
				teaching	Asynchronous	Synchronous	
		導論:企業對		2	2		
		人權的法律責					
		任					
		,-					
		本課程首先介					
	紹何謂國際人						
		權,包括人權					
			保障的歷史和				
			基礎概念。同				
3.	課程內容大綱		時也將介紹國				
٠.	Course outline						
			際人權法的內				
			涵,包括:				
			●《世界人權				
			宣言》				
		1	(UDHR);				
			●《公民權利				
			和政治權利國				
			際公約》				
			(ICCPR);				
			●《經濟、社				
			會和文化權利				
			國際公約》				
			(ICESCR) •				
			We will start				
			this course				
			with an				
			introduction to				
			international				
			human rights:				

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2023.09.07 Revised
	history and the		
	general		
	concept of		
	human rights		
	protection. We		
	will cover what		
	is meant by		
	the		
	International		
	Bill of Human		
	Rights, which		
	includes:		
	Universal		
	Declaration of		
	Human Rights		
	1		
	(UDHR);		
	• International		
	Covenant on		
	Civil and		
	Political Rights		
	(ICCPR); and		
	International		
	Covenant on		
	Economic,		
	Social and		
	Cultural Rights		
	(ICESCR).	10-10-10 A 10-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	
	聯合國商業和	2	2
	人權框架簡介		
	及尊重人權之		
	企業責任		
	本課程將說明		
	在國際背景		
1 1 1			
	l l		
	下,企業尊重		
	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內		
	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內 涵,並將介紹		
	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內 涵,並將介紹 商業與人權的		
2	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內 涵,並將介紹		
2	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內 涵,並將介紹 商業與人權的		
2	下,企業尊重 人權責任之內 涵,並將介紹 商業與人權的 發展歷程,包		
2	下,企業尊重 人權責任之紹 商業與人權的 發展歷程: ●聯合國全球		
2	下,企業尊重 ,企業尊重 ,權責任 ,權 ,		
2	下人權 東 東 大權 大權 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本 本		
2	下,企業尊重 ,企業尊重 人權責任 , , 權		
2	下人權, 東責任 所權 東 東 是 大 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一		
2	下人權,業歷 等之介紹的包 ,權,數歷 等之介紹的包 聯與 發展 對 與 以 以 Global Compact) 國 工 の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の		
2	下人涵商發 中 東 東 東 大 横 中 東 展 大 を 大 を 大 を が を が の の の の の の の の の の の の の		
2	下人權,業歷 等之介紹的包 ,權,數歷 等之介紹的包 聯與 發展 對 與 以 以 Global Compact) 國 工 の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の		

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	on the		
	responsibilities		
	of		
	transnational		
	corporations		
	and other		
	business		
	enterprises		
	with regard to		
	human		
	rights);		
	●聯合國商業		
	與人權指導原		
	則 (UNGPs)		
	本課堂核心是		
	UNGPs 的尊		-
	重、保護和補		
	救框架(支柱		
	、 和),		
	以及臺灣商業		
	和人權國家行		
	動計劃應如何		
	與這些國際標		
	準進行比較 ,		
	•		
	尤其側重在企		
	業責任方面。		
	We will		
	examine what is understood		
	to encompass		
	,		
	the corporate		
	responsibility to respect		
	human rights		
	in the		
	international		
	context. We		
	will start with a		
	brief history of		
	Business and		
	Human Rights,		
	including:		
	● UN Global		
	Compact;		
	• Draft Norms		
	on the		
	responsibilities		
	of		
	UI		

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transnational			
corporations	The state of the s		
and other			
business			
enterprises			
with regard to			
human rights;			
and			
UN Guiding			
Principles on			
Business and			
Human Rights			
(UNGPs).			
Central to the			
course is the			
Respect,			
Protect and			
Remedy			
Framework			
(Pillars I, II and			
III) of the			
UNGPs and			
how Taiwan's			
National			
Action Plan on			
Business and			
Human Rights			
compares to			
these			
international			
standards,			
especially with			
respect to the			
theme of			
corporate			
responsibility.	 2	2	
供應鏈與國際	2	2	
勞工組織勞動			
基本原則和權			
利			
當今全球化經			
3 濟體系愈趨依			
賴於跨國的複			
雜供應鏈。商		1	
品在世界的某			
個地方製造、			
運輸,然後運			
送給其他市場			
200 JE 10 11 70			

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的消費者,其	
中與我們日常	
生活息息相關	
的食品、紡織	
品和礦業,尤	
為明顯。本堂	
課將說明供應	
鏈中的基本國	
際勞工權利	
(消除強迫勞	
動和廢除童	
工),特別是	
透明性議題與	
道德供應鏈	
(ethical supply	
chain)所面臨	
之挑戰,以及	
影響消費者購	
買決策方面之	
效果。	
The economic	
system of	
today's	
globalized	
world relies on	
complex	
supply chains	
that span	
across	
different	
countries.	
Goods are	
made in one	
part of the	
world,	
transported	
and then	
distributed to	
consumers in	
other markets.	
This is	
especially seen	
in foods,	
textiles and	
minerals that	
are present in	
our daily lives.	
We will focus	

		POSICO-94	p	2023.07.07 ICCV	1500
	on				
	fundamental				
	international				
	labor rights				:
	(the				
	elimination of				
	forced labor				
	and abolition				
	of child labor)				
	in supply				
	chains,				
	particularly on				
	the challenges				
	of a				
	transparent				
	and ethical				
	supply chain				
	and the role of				
	consumers'				
	ĺ				
	purchasing decisions.				
			2	2	
	企業責任、訴		2	2	
	諸司法與補救				
	措施				
	即使在當今漫				
	長而複雜的跨				
	國供應鏈環境				
	之中,企業也				
	可能面臨法律				
	和刑事責任。				
	數十年來,讓				
	企業對其營運				
	造成之負面影				
	1				
	響負責,是國				
4	際間制訂商業				
	和人權標準的				
	發展基礎。本				
	堂課將研究國				
	際人權法中訴				
	諸司法的基本				
	概念,並探討				
	企業問責制的				
	法律和監管框				
	架——這是理				
	解 UNGPs 第				
	1				
	三支柱關於申				
	訴機制和補救 措施的關鍵。				

			 144.		1
		我們還將從企			
		業風險管理的			
		角度探討第三			
		I .			
		支柱,以及企			
		業可以採取哪			
		些步驟來識			
		別、預防、減			
		輕和解決負面			
		人權影響。			
) ** IP 10 B			
		Business			
		1			
		enterprises can			
		face legal and			
		criminal			
		liability, even			
		in cross-border			
		contexts of			
		today's long			
		and			
		complicated			
		supply chains.			
		Efforts to hold			
		enterprises to			
		account for			
		negative			
		effects of their			
		operations is			
		the foundation			
ļ		of			
		developments			
		over many			
		decades to set			
		international			
		standards on			
		business and			
		human rights.			
		This session			
		will examine			
		the			
		foundational			
		concept of			
		access to			
		justice in			
		international			
		human rights			
		law and			
		explore the			
		legal and			
		regulatory			
L	L		 		

	200000 - DANKER BOOKEN, C.	 	2023.03.07 ICVI	.500
	frameworks on			
	corporate			
	accountability			
	– key for			
	understanding			
	Pillar 3 of the			
	UNGPs on			
	grievance			
	mechanisms			
	and remedies.			
	We will also			
	explore Pillar 3			
	from a			
	corporate		:	
	perspective of			
	risk		-	
	management			
	and what steps			
	enterprises can			
	take to			
	identify,			
	prevent,			
	mitigate and			
	account for			
	negative			
	human rights			
	impacts.			
	Guest lecture	2	2	
	(劉紀蕙教授)			
	資源剝削與強			
	迫勞動:法律			
	何時出現了問			
	題?			
	超!			
	24.11 (- > - 1)			
	21世紀全球供			
	應鏈的快速發			
	展,為何刺激			
5	了企業活動出			
٥	現不同形態的			
	非法行為?法			
	律的規範為何			
	有漏洞?换一			
	種問法:法律			İ
	如何促使特定			
	企業行為的非			
1	1 7 3V 11 WA H13L			
	注活動發出 9			1
	法活動發生?			
	為了討論以上			

		2023.09.07 ICV	
	問題以及柬埔		
	寨網路詐騙集		
	團為例,說明		
	制削海洋資源 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	以及強迫勞動		
	如何發生,並		
	討論以下問		
	題:(1)全球		
	企業供應鏈的		
	物流部署概		
	念;(2)權宜		
	船的概念:什		
	麼是權宜船?		
	為何權宜船會		
	吸引漁業、旅		
	遊業與運輸		
	業?權宜船如		
	何玩弄法律遊		
	戲?為何造成		
	自由海域的的		
	法外空間?		
	(3)港口城		
	市在供應鏈中		
	的特殊性:港		
·	口作為各種活		
	動匯聚的樞		
	紐,特殊經濟		
	區所提供的各		
	種法律例外空		
	間如何發生?		
	(4)柬埔寨		
	西哈努克港特		
	殊經濟區:西		
	哈努克港是中		
	國一帶一路的		
	標誌性專案,		
	東埔寨唯一的		
	深水港口,吸		
	八八 八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八八		
	也是旅遊熱		
	點,更是賭場		
	聚集所在,成		
	為第二深圳。		
	東埔寨西哈港		
	網路犯罪集團		
	如何發生?為		
	何特殊經濟區		
	. 4 . 4 . 1	1	

		 	·	71300
	可以容許讓法			
	律造成非法空			
	間?	 		-
	消除強迫勞動	2	2	
	之國際規範制			
	度:台灣勞工			
	流動與強迫勞			
	動風險 (邱羽			
	凡老師授課)			
	7070-1742-1177			
	3			
	我國於1984年			
	制定並公布勞			
	動基準法時,			
	參照國際勞工			
	組織之廢止強			
	迫勞工公約,			
	於勞動基準法			1
	第5條規定:			
	· ·			
	「雇主不得以			
	強暴、脅迫、			
	拘禁或其他非			
	法之方法,強			
	制勞工從事勞			
	動。」並對違			
	反者處以刑事			
6	罰,2009年12			
	月10日施行之			
	公民與政治權			
	利國際公約及			
	經濟社會文化			
	權利國際公約			
	施行法,亦重			
	視人口販運之			
	防止與人權保			
	障之強化,行			
	政院109年公			
	布的「企業與			
	人權國家行動			
	計畫」與公司			
	法第1條第2			
	項,亦要求企			
	業不應造成或			
	助長人權侵			
	犯。惟近年不			
	論是外籍漁工			
	強迫勞動或是			
	境外生淪為奴			

			 	2023.03.07 100	1000
	工品]題,均顯			
		1除強迫勞			
		力政策有待			
	i I I				
1		1、本課程			
		スILO 強迫			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	为公約之11			
		指標為核			
		說明強迫			
		加風險之辨			
	論;	以及我國			
		法規之規			
		人其缺失。		^	-
		《人權盡職 】	2	2	
	;	周查規範			
):歐盟與			
		國 (邱羽凡			
		1			
		師授課)			
	過	去十年以			
		國際上關			
		ı			
	1 1	禁止強迫			
		カ」與「自			
	由質	貿易」聯結			
	I I E	趨勢,歐美			
		i			
		基與國家透			
		L法將二者			
	力口以	人聯結,並			
		L執法的具			
	1 1	忍定標準,			
		1			
		2為美國的			
	<u> </u>	在2010年			
	立	法通過、			
		2年正式施			
	I I I	为「供應鏈」			
		透明法			
	(0	California			
	Tra	nsparency			
	1 1	n Supply			
		ains Act)			
		丘期則有			
	20	21年7月			
	12	日與歐盟			
		卜事務部共			
	1 1				
	1 1	餐布的「歐			
		企業對其運			
		口供應鏈中			
		鱼勞動風險			
	7.民 3	こ刀が八〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇〇			

	2020.00.	O / ICC VISCO
之盡職調查指		
南」(Guidance		
on due		
diligence for		
EU businesses		
to address the		
risk of forced		
labour in their		
operations and		
}		
supply		
chains),歐盟		
成員國德國於		
2021年6月11		
日通過了「防		
止供應鏈中之		
人權侵害之企		
業盡職調查		
法」(Gesetz		
über die		
unternehmeris		
chen		
Sorgfaltspflicht		
en zur		
Vermeidung		
von		
Menschenrech		
ts-		
verletzungen		
in Lieferketten;		
German Act on		
Corporate Due		
Diligence		
Obligations in		
Supply		
Chains),簡稱		
「供應鏈法」		
(Lieferkettenge		
1 7		
setz),共計有		
24條規範,其		
預計對於設置		
於德國的企		
業,就員工人		
數超過3,000		
人與1,000人		
以上的企業,		
分別自2023年		
與2024年起適		
用本法,本課		
1117-14 7-14		

	程將對此立法				
	為介紹。				
	清明節國定假		2	2	
8	日放假				
			_		
	企業人權盡職		2	2	
	調查規範				
	(二):日本				
	2022年9月,				Į
	1				
	日本政府發布				
	有關負責任供				
	應鏈之尊重人				
	權官方指南,				
	該指南遵循著				
	·				
	歐盟、德國等				
	其他國家在全				
	球供應鏈盡職				
	調查方面的類				
	似發展(如上				
	1				
	一節課之內				
	容)。日本的				
	人權盡職調查				
	1				
	(HRDD)指				
	南是一項重大				
	1				
9	發展,尤其是				
,	對亞太地區而				
	言。該指南適				
	用於日本的每				
	個公司實體,				
	無論其規模或				
	1				
	行業別,並廣				
	泛指引日本企				
	業識別、防止				
	其全球經濟活				
	動中的負面人				
	權影響。本堂				
	課將以其他國				
	家立法例的發				
	· ·				
	展為背景,對				
	照日本發布的				
	HRDD指南進				
	行比較,進而				
	討論這對台灣				
	和其他亞太地				
	區的 HRDD 發				
	展有何啟發。			-	-
10	綠色供應鏈理		2	2	
	1	L			

	 A	2023.03.07 KCV	1000
與永續企業			
氣候變化對我			
們目前的生存			
形成重大挑			
戰。它對人們			
的生計、居住			
地和人口構成			
威脅。與此同			
時,減緩氣候			
變化也可能對			
人權造成負面			
影響,例如,			
可再生能源政			
策未能適當考			
慮原住民的權			
利,或使用由			
強迫勞動人力			
製作太陽能電		3.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	
池板。本堂課			
將深入探討氣			
候變化帶來的			
人權挑戰,並			
研究「淨零」			
(Net Zero)			
和「公正轉型			
(Just			
Transitions)			
這兩個術語背			
後的含義,關			
注企業和政府			
對氣候變化和			
環境的永續責			
任。			
Climanta alta u =			
Climate change			
poses a			
significant			
challenge to			
our current			
existence. It is			
a threat to			
livelihoods,			
habitats and			
human			
population. At			
the same time,			
climate			

mitigation also could result in negative human rights impacts, as seen, for example, in renewable strategies that fall to properly consider indigenous people's rights or in using solar panels that were made with in part with forced labor practices. This session will delve into the human rights challenges of climate change and examine what is behind the terms, "Net Zero" and "Just Transitions," focusing on what are the responsibilities of businesses and governments towards climate change and examine what is defined in the terms of businesses and governments towards climate change and environmental sustainability. 企業宣教調查 名 父母		contracting the contraction of t	parameter the second se		The state of the s	1
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		1				
		關體育賽事的				<u></u>

		2023.09.07 Revise
1	討論之中,但	
	這種情況已經	
	開始改變。	
	2022年,諸如	
1	北京冬奧、卡	ļ
	達世界盃足球	
	賽等大型體育	
	賽事中,人	
	權、體育和商	
	業之間的關聯	
	性已然成為全	
	球各界關注的	
	一大焦點。國	
	際民間社會組	
	織利用大型體	
	育賽事來提高	
	公眾對重要人	
	權問題的認	
	識,並利用這	
	些場合來直接	
	推動主辦國之	
	改革。此外,	
	與這些體育賽	
	事相關的大型	
	商業交易作為	
	活動的贊助單	
	位,更加深了	
	體育與人權議	
	題交互影響的	
	複雜性。例	
	如,據報導所	
	稱,直至	
	2022 年底國	
	1	
	際足球總會 (四百)	
	(FIFA)已透	
	過四年的商業	
	交易而獲得前	
	所未有的75	
	億美元收入,	
	然而在人權方	
	面,卡達世足	
	賽卻造成虐	
	待、剝削移民	
	l l	
	等種種問題。	
	The topic of	
	human rights	

par.		2023.09.07 Revise
	typically does	
	not often	
	come up in	
	discussions on	
	sports. But this	
	is starting to	
	change. Recent	
	mega sporting	
	events in 2022,	
	like the Winter	
	Olympics in	
	Beijing and the	
	World Cup in	
	Qatar, have	
	especially	
	brought the	
	link between	
	human rights,	
	sports and	
	businesses to	
	the fore of	
	global	
	advocacy.	
	International	
	civil society	
	organizations	
	use mega	
	sporting	
	events to raise	
	general public	
	awareness on	
	important	
	human rights	
	issues, as well	
	as using these	
	occasions to	
	directly press	
	for change in	
	the host	
	countries. The	
	landscape for	
	the	
	intersection for	
	sports and	
	human rights is	
	complicated,	
	owing to large	
	business deals	
	associated	
	with these	

			L	2023.09.07 Revi	isea
	sporting				
	events as				
	sponsorship				
	deals. For				
	instance, at				
	the end of				1
	2022, it was				
	reported that			2	
	FIFA, the global				
	governing				
	body for				
	football,				
	earned an	:			
	unprecedented	:			
	US\$ 7.5 billion				
	in revenue				
	through four				
	years of] 			
	commercial				
	deals. In terms				
	of human				
	rights,				
	however, the				
	World Cup in				
	Qatar leaves				
	behind a				
	legacy of				
	migrant abuses and				
	exploitation.				
	Guest lecture		2	2	
	(Dr. Lisa Hsin)		۷		
	企業盡職調查				
	案例(二):商				
	業、人權和衝				
	突礦產				
	16 the out of				
	衝突礦產				
	(Conflict				
12	minerals,即				
	"3TG")是全				
	球電子供應鏈				
	中的關鍵要				
	素。 它們對當				
	地採礦社區帶				
	來了負面環				
	境、人權和勞				
	工之重大影				
	響。某些礦物				
	H 71 77. 1. V			1	

				2025.07.071	
	與衝	突地區發	··		
		治暴力、			
		定、人口			
		失所和嚴			
	}	犯人權行			
	£	問題。不			
	l i i	法管轄區			
		施各種自			
		i			
		強制措			
		以確保負			
		的採購礦			
:		,例如			
) 頒布的			
		衝突影響			
		風險地區			
	礦產.	之負責任			
	供應	鏈盡職調			
		南」(Due			
	Dil	igence			
	I I I	lance for			
	Res	oonsible			
	Supp	ly Chains			
	of N	/linerals			
	from	Conflict-			
	Affe	cted and			
	Hi	gh-Risk			
	Areas	s)和歐盟			
		突礦產法			
	規」	(Conflict			
	1 1 1	inerals			
		lation)。			
		onflict			
	1 [[nerals,			
	1 1 1	own as			
	1 1 1	6" for tin,			
	1	ntalum,			
	1 1 1	sten and			
	1 1 1	, are key			
		ponents			
	1 1 1	ecially in			
	1 1 1	global			
		ctronic			
		ly chains.			
	1 1 1 1	y bring			
	1 1 1	bout			
		nificant			
	i i i i	egative			
	1 1 1	onmental,			
		an rights			
L		22	 		

	2023.09.07 Revised
and labour	
impacts on	
local mining	
communities.	
Certain	
minerals have	
been linked to	
political	
violence,	
destabilization	
of	
governments,	
population	
displacement	
and serious	
human rights	
abuses in	
conflict	
hotpots.	
Various	
voluntary and	
regulatory	
measures have	
been	
implemented	
in different	
jurisdictions to	
ensure the	
responsible	
sourcing of	
minerals, such	
as the Due	
Diligence	
Guidance for	
Responsible	
Supply Chains	
of Minerals	
from Conflict-	
Affected and	
High-Risk	
Areas of the	
Organisation	
for Economic	
Co-operation	
and	
Development	
(OECD) and EU	
Conflict	
Minerals	
Regulation.	

	mpone - man and an analysis an		2023.09.0	
	多方利益相關	2	2	
	者與 UNGPs:			
	工會、企業、			
	公民社會、政			
	府和公眾的商			
	業與人權			
	2022年12			
	月,國際智庫			
	人權與商業研			
	究所發布了其			
	對來年主要商			
	業和人權問題			
	的一般性預			
	測。 2023 年			
	版側重於這些			
	企業參與者可			
	以發揮的作用			
	和責任,以促			
	進企業在全球			
	範圍內尊重人			
	權的責任。此			
	外,不同的利			
13	益相關者包括			
13	投資者、律			
	師、顧問和其			
	他私營部門和			
	公部門的服務			
	者與出資者。			
	而在變化多端			
	的商業和人權			
	環境中,勞工			
	的聲音、民間			
	社會組織的宣			
	傳以及媒體和			
	記者的工作也			
	1 ''' '			
	很重要,以提			
	高人們對供應			
	鏈中核心人權			
	問題的認識,			
	並敦促國家履			
	行其保護人權			
	的義務。本堂			
	課將廣泛討論			
	不同利益相關			
	者如何在台灣			
	和國際上共同			

			努力,以促進					
			商業與人權。					
			分組期末報告		2	2		
		14	與討論(一)					
			分組期末報告		2	2		
		15	與討論(二)					
			分組期末報告		2	2		
			與討論(三);		2	Coor		
		16	關於未來發展					
		10	及挑戰的結論					
			與意見					
		17	兴 息 九					
		18						
			<u> </u> * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *					
		l .	者請打,可複選)	act and ar mar	o anciwor che	oicoc)		
		(Check a box if applicable; select one or more answer choices)						
		☑ (1)提供線上課程主要及補充教材 Main and supplementary togething materials are provided for						
		Main and supplementary teaching materials are provided for						
	教學方式 Teaching methods	online courses						
		☑ (2) 有線上教師或線上助教						
4.		Online teachers or teaching assistants are available.						
		☑ (3)提供線上非同步教學,次數: <u>16</u> 次,總時數: <u>32</u> 小時						
		Online asynchronous teaching sessions are provided:						
		time(s), with a total ofhours						
		□ (4)提供面授教學,次數:次,總時數:小時						
		Face-to-face teaching is provided:time(s), with a total of						
		hours 						
		☑ (5)提供線上同步教學,次數: <u>16</u> 次,總時數: <u>32</u> 小時 Online synchronous toaching sossions are provided: time(s)						
		Online synchronous teaching sessions are provided:time(s),						
		with a total ofhours						
				Other options (Details here):		
	教科書及參考書資	1. 教科書 Textbooks:						
5.	料	2. 講義 Handouts:教師提供						
)	Textbooks and	3. 參考資料 Reference materials:						
	reference materials	4. 相關網站 Related websites:						
		請勾選以下會使用之 E3功能						
		Please check the E3 features that you will use						
		☑ 最新消息發佈、瀏覽 Releasing and browsing the latest news						
6.		☑ 教材內容設計、觀看、下載 Designing, viewing or downloading the						
	於 E3系統所提供的	contents of teaching materials						
	學習活動	☑ 成績系統管理及查詢 Managing and inquiring the system t						
	Learning activities	track of student grades						
	offered by the E3		行線上測驗、發佈	_		online test		
	system	. —	習資訊 Gaining acc					
		□ 互	動式學習設計(聊	天室或討論區	(2)Designing	interactive learni	ing	
		,	rough a chat room					
		□ 各	種教學活動之功能	呈現 Presentir	ng the benefi	ts of all teaching		
		act	tivities					

		□ 其他相關功能(請說明)Other features (Details here)			
	師生互動討論方式	☑ 線上討論 Online discussion:			
7.	How teacher—	□ 面談 Face-to-face discussion:			
/.	student discussion is	□ 其他 Others:			
	conducted				
		(有包含者請打,可複選)			
		(Check a box if applicable; select one or more answer choices)			
		□ (1)提供線上說明作業內容 Offering online instructions on how			
		assignments should be done			
	作業繳交方式	□ (2)線上即時作業填答 Allowing students to complete online			
8.	How assignments	assignments in real time			
	are submitted	☑ (3)作業檔案上傳及下載 Allowing students to upload and download			
		assignments			
		□ (4)線上測驗 Providing online tests			
		□ (5)成績查詢 Allowing grade inquiry			
		□ (6)其他做法(請說明)Others (Details here):			
		(1) 考試方式 How tests are conducted:			
		(2) 考評項目其所佔總分比率 Evaluation items, with their percentage of			
	成績評量方式	the total score:			
9.	How performance is	出席,占總分之15%			
	evaluated	上課參與討論,占總分之20%			
		平時作業,占總分之15%			
		期末報告,占總分之50%			
	上課注意事項				
10.	Other classroom				
	rules				
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		任。建議老師參考主管機關之教師授課著作權錦囊(連結經濟部智慧財產局)			
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